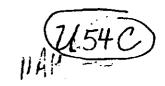
## **UNCLASSIFIED**



## RWANDA

RELEASED IN FULL

## The Security Council,

Reaffirming all its previous resolutions on the situation in Rwanda, in particular its resolution 872 (1993) of 5 October 1993 by which it established the United Nations Assistance Mission for Rwanda (UNAMIR),

Recalling its resolution 909 (1994) of 5 April 1994, which extended the mandate of UNAMIR until 29 July 1994 with a six-week review provision,

Recalling also its statement of 7 April 1994 (S/PRST/1994/16) which, inter alia, reaffirmed its commitment to the Arusha Peace Agreement and urged all parties to implement it fully,

Shocked at the tragic incident that resulted in the deaths of the Presidents of Rwanda and Burundi on 6 April 1994,

Appalled at the ensuing large-scale violence in Rwanda, which has resulted in the death of thousands of innocent civilians, including women and children, the internal displacement of a significant number of the Rwandese population, including those who sought refuge with UNAMIR, and the massive exodus of refugees to neighbouring countries, particularly Tanzania,

Having considered the letter of the Secretary General dated 29 April 1994 (S/1994/518),

Recalling also its latest statement of 30 April 1994 (S/PRST/1994/21), which inter alia: underlined the urgent need for coordinated international action to help bring peace in Rwanda, and to alleviate the suffering of the Rwanda people,

Recognizing that the people of Rwanda bear ultimate responsibility for national reconciliation and reconstruction of their own country,

<u>Determining</u> that the scale of human tragedy caused by the conflict in Rwanda, constitutes a threat to international peace and security; Destates department of state

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STATE REVIEW AUTHORITY: THEODORE SELLIN DATE/CASE ID: 10 OCT 2002 200000294

- 1. Recognizing the unique character of the present situation in Rwanda, and mindful of its alarming, complex and extraordinary nature, requiring an immediate and exceptional response;
- 2. <u>Notes</u>, with grave concern, outrage and indignation, that the massacres and wanton killings have continued unabated, in a systematic manner, in Rwanda;
- 3. Strongly urges all parties to the conflict to immediately cease hostilities and agree to a cease fire, and commence political dialogue;
- 4. Gravely alarmed by the magnitude of displaced persons starting to the time Rwanda character, and by the tide of refugees incessantly pouring into neighbouring countries, fleeing massacres and civil war, and facing starvation, thirst, and insecurity;
- 5. Stresses its commitment to preserving the unity and territorial integrity of Rwanda;
- 6. Stresses also its conviction that the Arusha Peace Agreement remains the only viable framework for the resolution of the Rwanda conflict;
- 7. Endorses the recommendation of the Secretary General contained in his letter of 29 April 1994 (S/1994/518) for the Council to re-examine the decision it took under resolution 912 and consider again what action, including forceful action, it could take or could authorize Member States to take in order to restore law and order and end massacres in Rwanda;

## Acting under Chapter VII of the Charter of the United Nations,

- 8. <u>Authorizes</u> the Secretary General, using all necessary means, to restore as soon as possible, law and order in Rwanda, and to establish a secure environment for humanitarian relief operations;
- 9. <u>Calls upon</u> Member States which are in a position to do so to provide military forces and to make additional contributions, in cash or in kind, in accordance with paragraph 8 above; and <u>requests</u> the Secretary General to establish a fund through which the contributions, where appropriate, could be channelled to the States or operations concerned;
- 10. <u>Calls upon</u> all States, international organizations and non-governmental organizations to contribute to the efforts of humanitarian assistance to the people of Rwanda;
- 11. Appeals to all States to refrain from providing arms or any military assistance to the parties to the conflict, and states its willingness in principle to consider promptly the application of an arms embargo to Rwanda and in this context requests the Secretary General to bring to its attention any information that he might receive concerning arms flows into Rwanda, and to consult the countries of the region and the OAU about the practical implementation of an arms embargo on Rwanda;
- 12. <u>Requests</u> all States, in particular those in the region, to provide appropriate support for the actions undertaken by States, nationally or through regional agencies or arrangement, pursuant to this resolution;
- 13. <u>Invites</u> the Secretary General and his Special Representative in coordination with OAU and countries in the region, to continue their efforts to achieve a political settlement in Rwanda within the framework of Arusha Peace Agreement;
  - 14. Decides to remain actively seized of the matter.